

Example Use Case: internal KPIs

possible Data Product

internal database

SaaS Solution

standardized Data / API layer

KPI Schema

Data Processing

running on demand
e.g. once a day



calculate KPIs



Dashboard



- Top level KPIs
- aggregated Plan / Ist
- details on value drivers

Management
→ Data-driven Decision Support

DATA-DRIVEN BUSINESS MODEL

KPI first approach

- standardise input & processing
- become efficient in creation & adoption of new Products

Questions:

What KPIs are valuable?
What drives business outcome?

Process:

- 1) start with a first, easy questions
- 2) setup & standardise
- 3) develop → deploy → learn
- 4) iterate & adopt

IT & DATA STRATEGY

ADD DATA-DRIVEN SERVICES TO YOUR EXISTING BUSINESS MODEL

IT STRATEGY

- » „API-first Strategy“ = think about value added services
- » Enrich existing business model by data-driven products and services

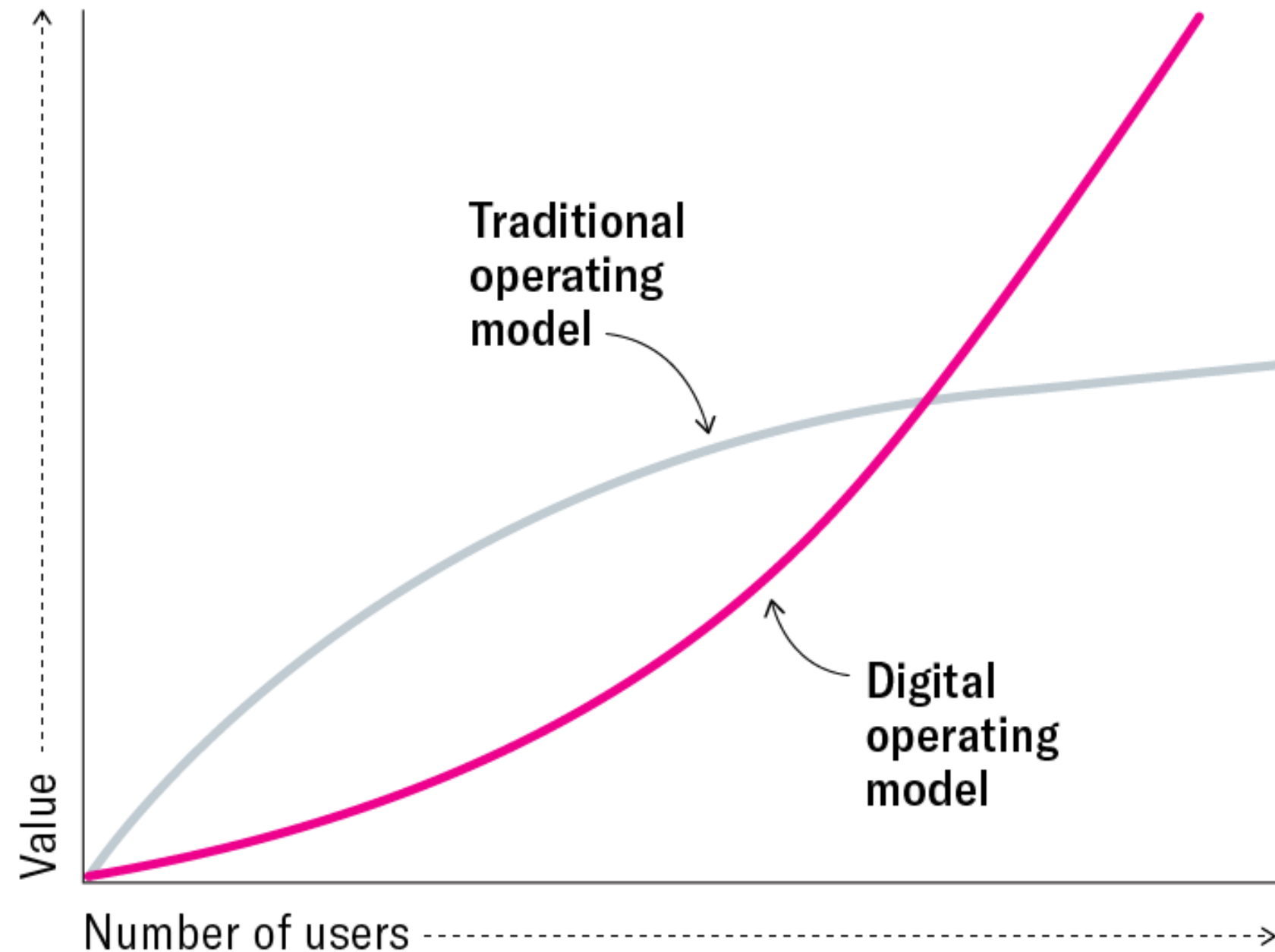
REQUIREMENTS

- » Idea of an IT & Data Strategy
- » Digital/Data Literacy
- » Intention to invest in Data Products

A COMPANY'S BUSINESS MODEL AND OPERATING MODEL

HOW TO SCALE A BUSINESS LIKE THE NEXT BIG THING?

- » Get rid of the limiting factors e.g. working hours, human errors, manual processes
- » Operating model comes with transaction costs
- » Why? Expansion increase complexity of traditional operation model and managing is more challenging
- » Operational constraints traditionally limit value created and captured benefit



From: "Competing in the Age of AI," by Marco Iansiti and Karim R. Lakhani, January–February 2020

WHAT IS A VALUE ADDED SERVICE IN A DIGITISED WORLD?

OVERCOMING CHERISHED TRADITIONS OF CLASSIC BUSINESS MODELS

» Digital Products and Services

» e.g. Data Products, which can be a digitised asset for internal and external customer

INTERNAL

» Increase efficiency of processes by breaking down data silos

» e.g. don't spend x days on repetitive key strokes

» Quickly available decision-making basis for regular or ad hoc questions

EXTERNAL

» offer useful services to answer common questions of your clients

» paid or not

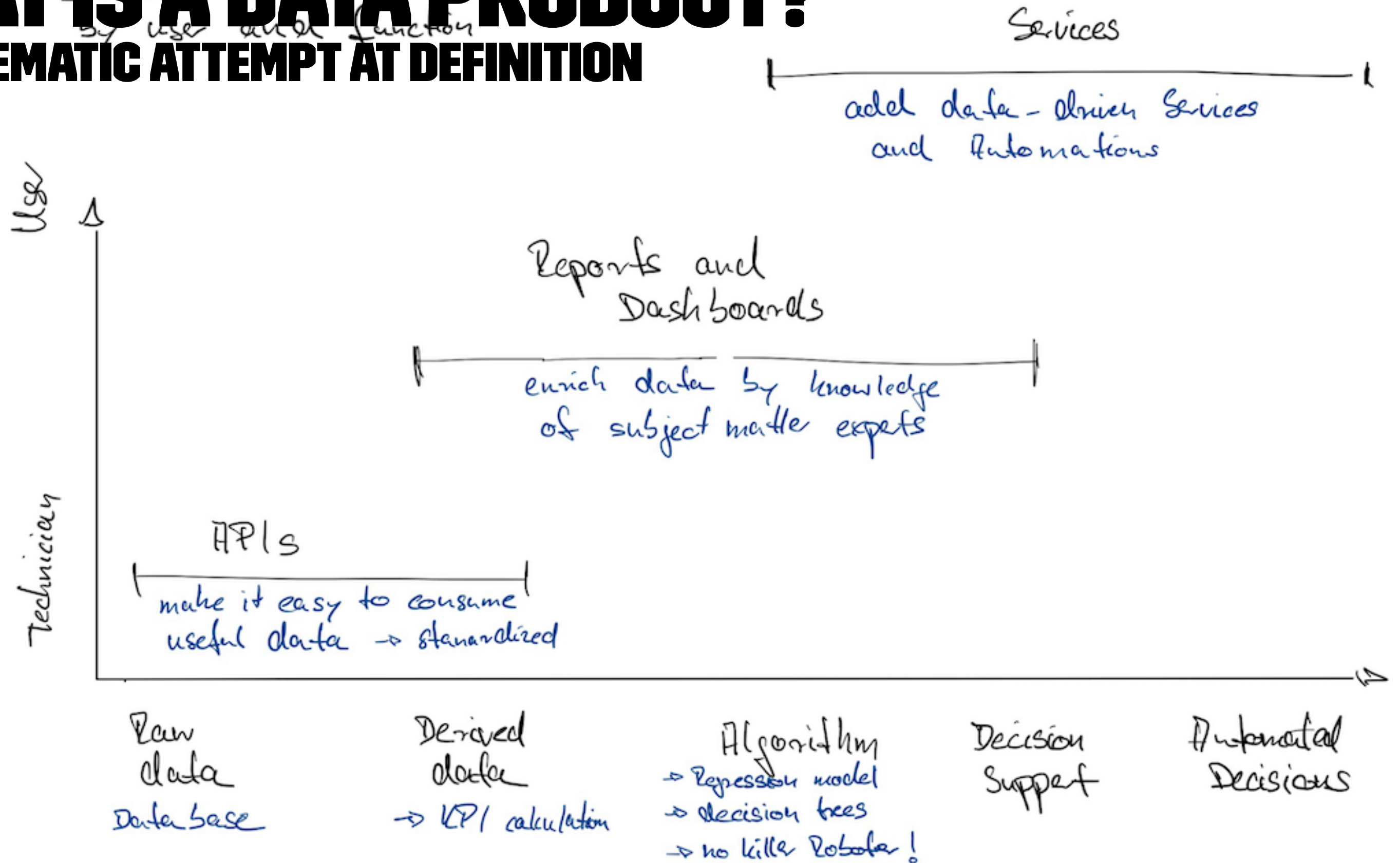
» increase loyalty

» extend business model req. „automated“ operation model

WHAT IS A DATA PRODUCT?

Product of data by user and function

A SYSTEMATIC ATTEMPT AT DEFINITION



EXAMPLE 1: INTERNAL KPI REPORT

WHAT INFORMATION DOES YOUR MANAGER AND CONSULTANTS NEED?

Example:

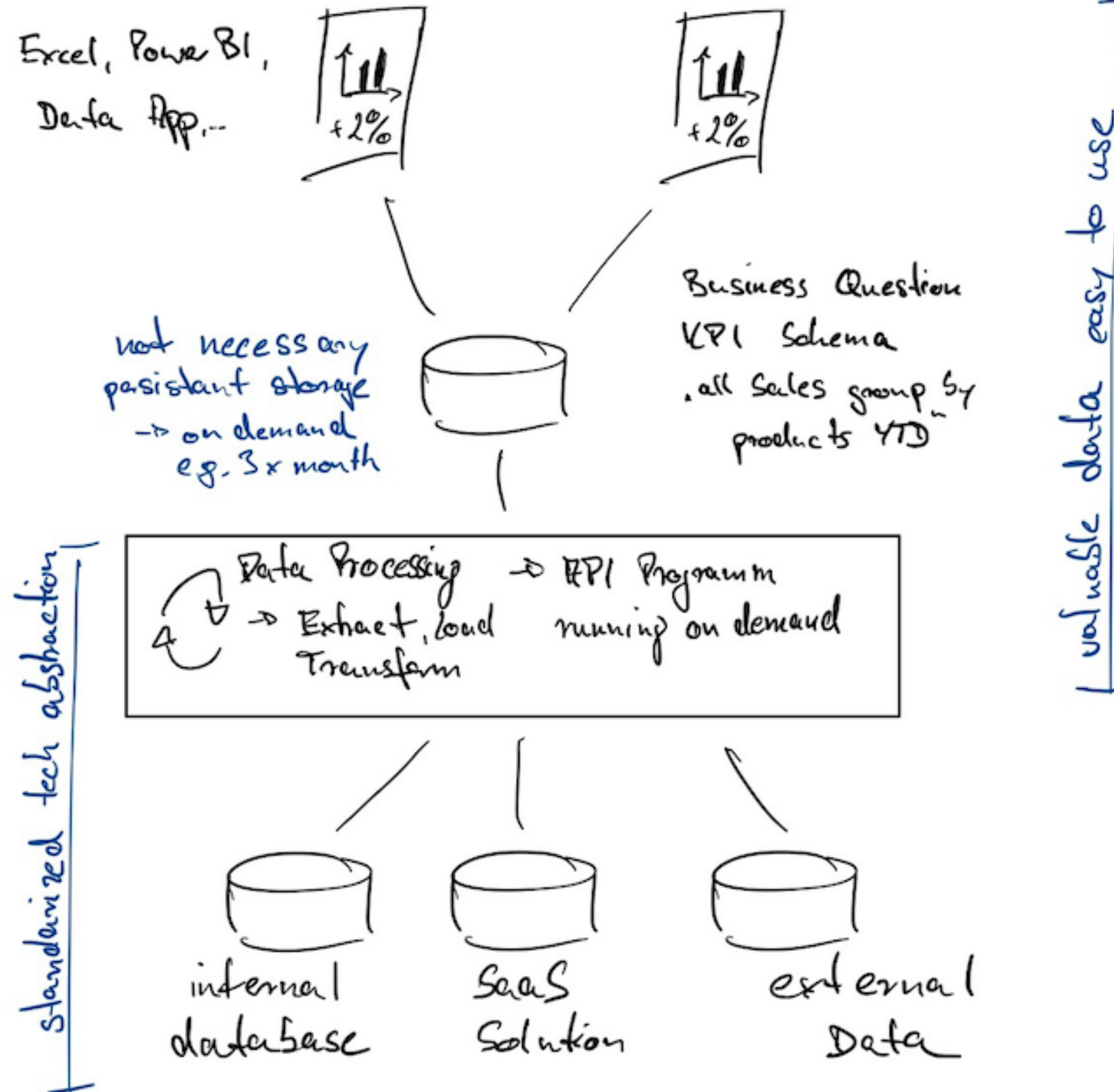
- Track targets and actuals
- In which customer segment can up- and cross-selling potential be realised?

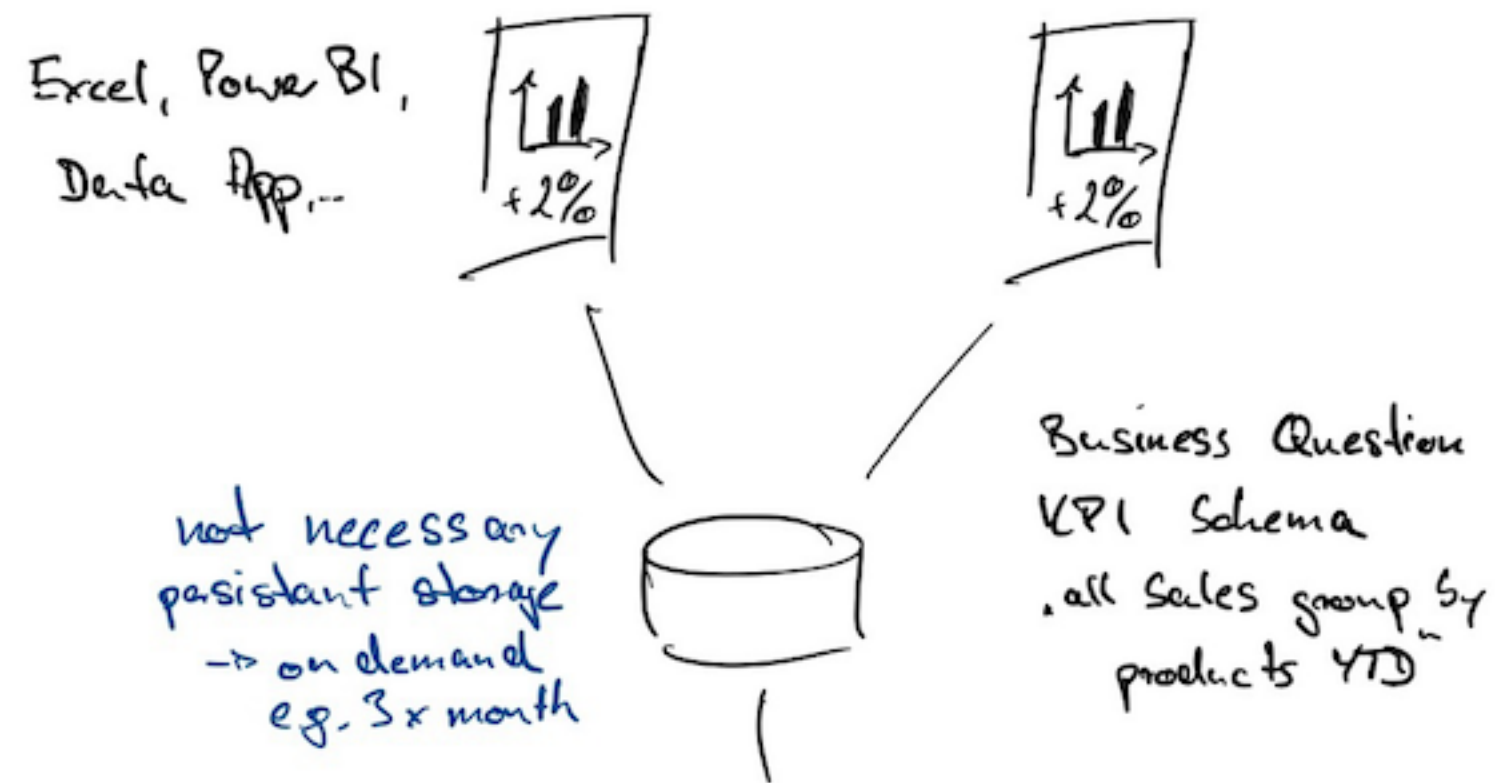
Questions:

- What KPIs are valuable?
- What drives business outcome?
- How to calculate/derive useful KPIs?

Process:

1. Start with a first, easy question
2. Setup and standardise (data processing and database schema)
3. Develop -> deploy -> learn
4. iterate and adopt!





valuable data easy to use

EXAMPLE 2: REPHRASED QUESTIONS

WHAT INFORMATION DOES MY BUSINESS PARTNER OR CUSTOMER NEED?

Example:

- Sales data within Supply Chain
- Optimize product placements at Point of Sales

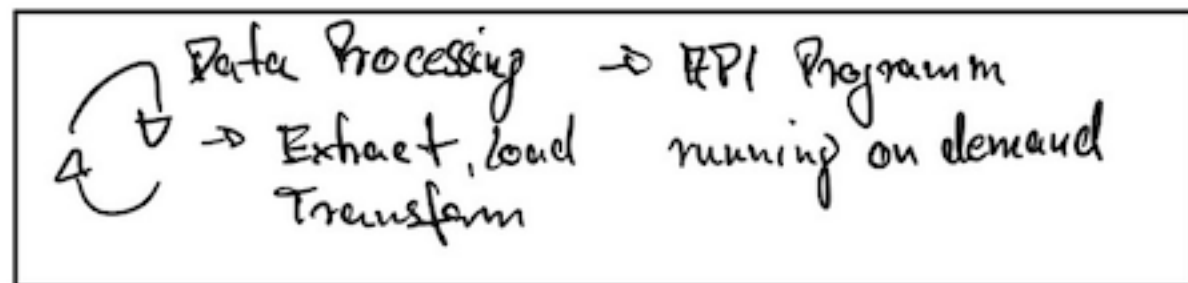
Questions:

- What data is valuable?
- What drives business outcome?
- How to integrate services easily?

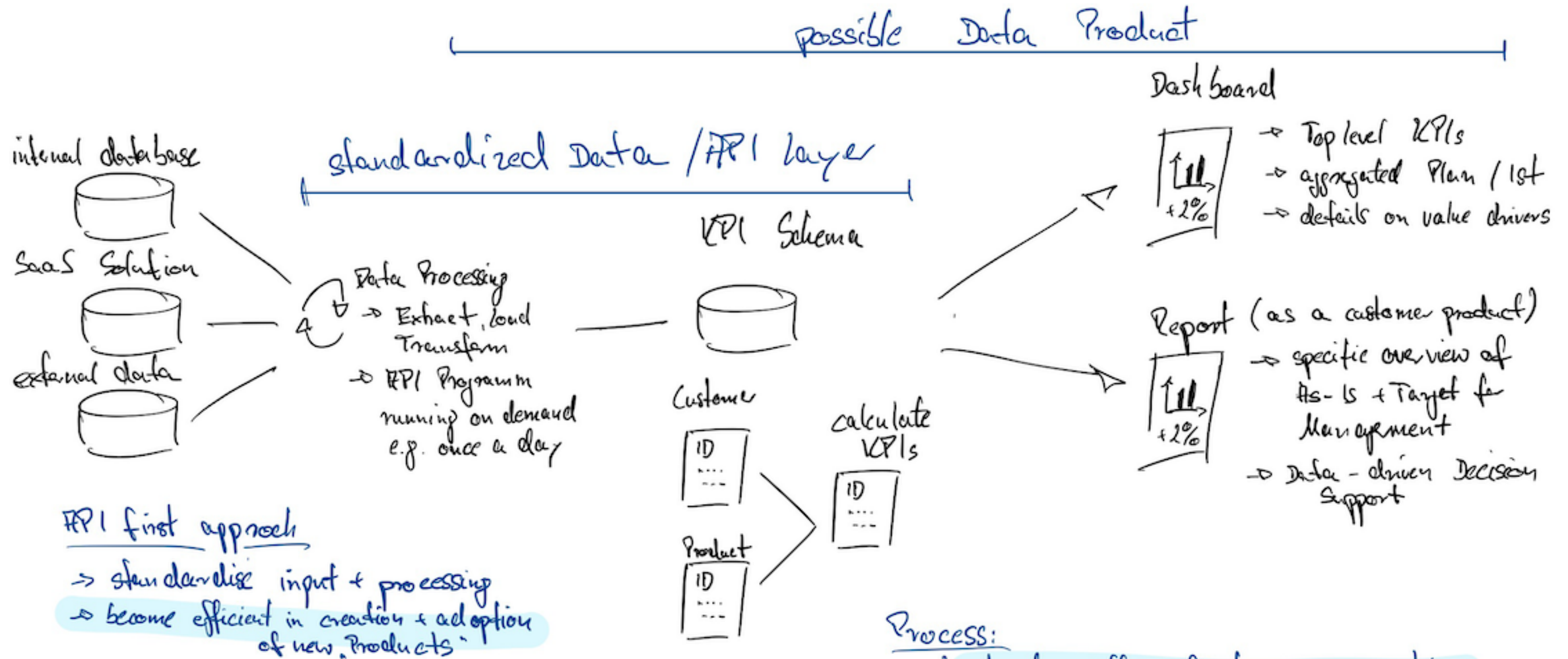
Process:

1. Re-use what already in place
2. Add further components/functions
3. Adjust, adopt, learn

standardized tech abstraction



Example Use Case : internal KPIs



API first approach

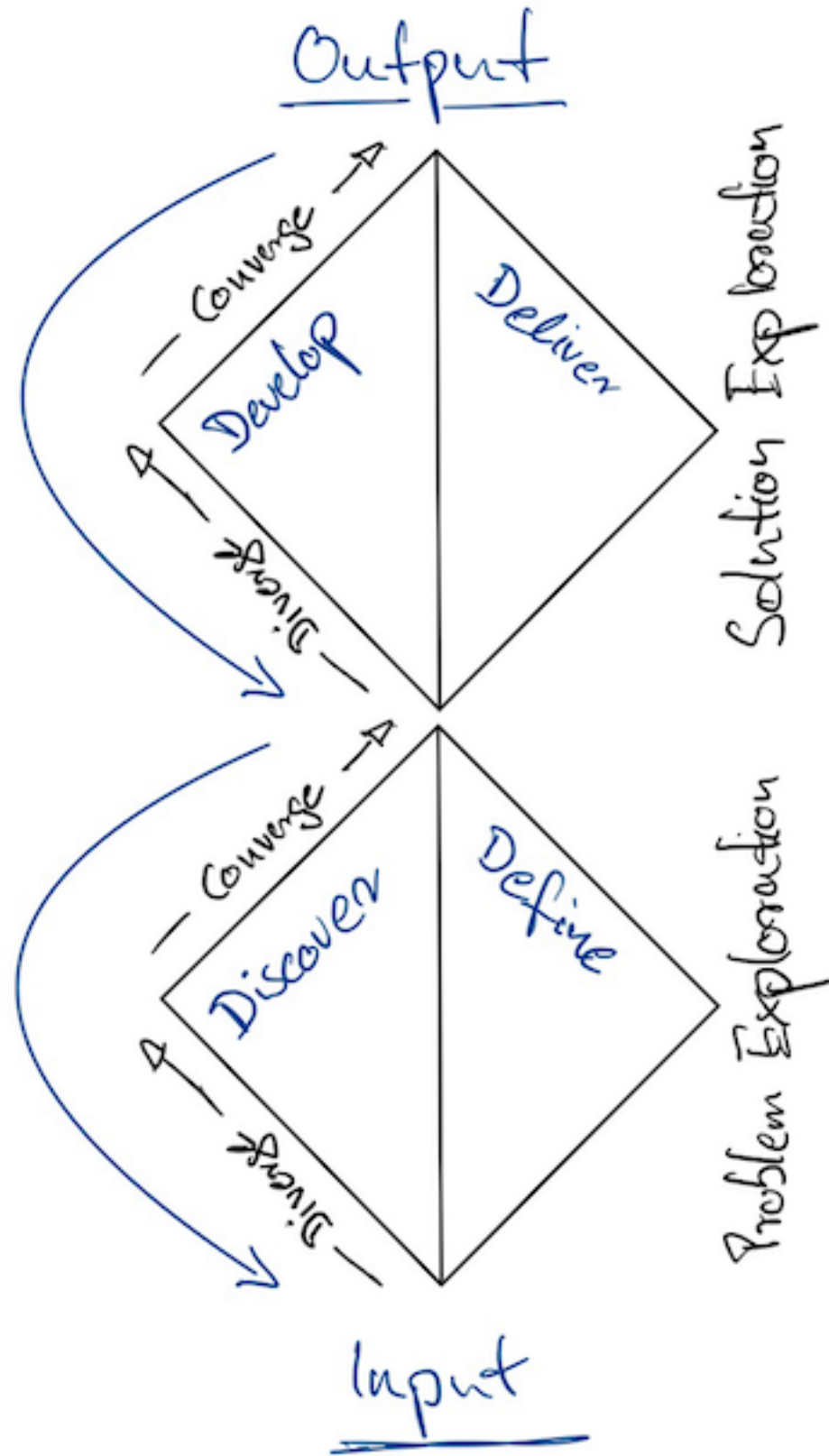
- standardise input + processing
- become efficient in creation + adoption of new Products

Questions:

- What KPIs are valuable?
- What drives business outcome?

Process:

- 1) start with a first, easy questions
- 2) setup + standardise
- 3) develop → deploy → learn
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TASKS TO ACHIEVE FIRST RESULTS

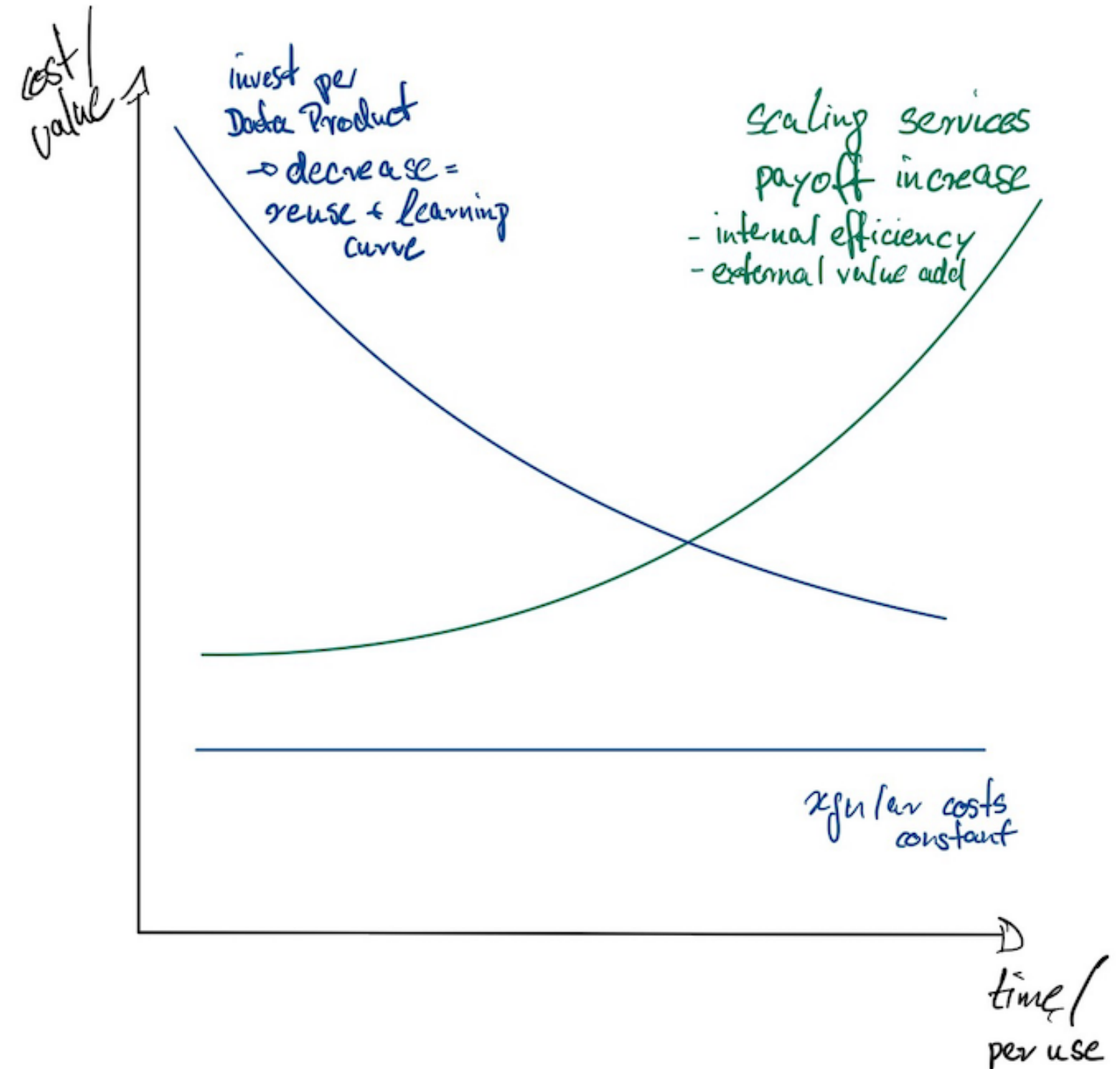
GERMANS WILL HAVE A HARD TIME: RATHER ACHIEVE 80 OUT OF 100 THAN NOT START AT ALL

1. Enable a team of subject matter experts
2. Ask the relevant questions to solve the business problem
3. Think in solutions (take the hurdles or take the easy way first)
4. Always ask: 1) whether it solves the client's problem and 2) whether there is no simpler solution
5. Is it still the right question?

DATA PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

COMING BACK TO BUSINESS AND OPERATION MODEL

- » Each service comes with initial costs (effort + development)
- » Initial efforts decrease by number of services (learning curve, no setup just tweak existing...)
- » Regular cost tend to be constant
- » Internal ROI = impact of service + decrease of transaction/opportunity costs for manual process
- » External ROI = customer loyalty, monthly subscription or another Lock In effect?



GETTING STARTED IS EASIER THAN YOU EXPECT

DON'T GET LOST IN TECHNICAL TERMS AND BUZZWORDS

- » Use/consume of the digitised services enables scalability
- » Avoid traditional operational challenges (increasing complexity per growth)
- » Integrating your data silos is always good and valuable

- » Therefore:
 - » Setting up a standardised approach
 - » Expect an evolving IT architecture
 - » Automate deployment and delivery



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